

Review of last week's material

Short vowels

a e i o u

Long vowels

a: e: i: o: u:

Vowels + y

ay ey iy oy uy

Vowels + w

aw ew iw ow uw

Phrases with 'name'

ʔaʔ:ɔ ʔahʃi:yaw hiʔduʔčeduʔkaʔma ? 'Do you (singular) know my name?'

ʔaʔ:ɔ ʔahʃi:yaw šo:čiwkaʔma ? 'Do you (singular) hear my name?'

mi:ʔo ʔahʃi:yaw hiʔdučentʰoʔwaʔa. 'I don't know your (singular) name.'

ba:kɔʔkamʔo ʔahʃi:yaw ? 'What is your (singular) name?'

New letters: Class 1

b d m n l y w

New phrases with 'name' and 'to name'

ʔahʃiy 'to name (something or someone)'

čaʔ:aʔkamʔo ʔahʃiy ? 'Who named you (singular)?'

čaʔ:aʔoʔkaʔma ʔahʃiy ? 'Whom did you name?'

Drills

Pronunciation drills with nonsense words

ba:ban be:ben bi:bin bo:bon bu:bun

da:day de:dey di:diy do:doy du:duy

ma:maw

me:mew

mi:miw

mo:mow

mu:muy

Vocabulary review

NOUN

ʔahšiyaw 'name'

PRONOUNS

ʔa:ʔa ~ ʔa: ~ʔa 'I'

ʔa:ma ~ ʔma ~ ma 'thou' ('you' singular)

mi:ʔto ~ mʔto 'thee' (('to) you' singular)

čaʔa 'who'

čaʔa:ʔto 'whom'

VERBS

hiʔduʔčed- ~ hiʔduʔčen- 'to know'

ʔahšiy- 'to name'

šo:či- 'to hear'

OTHER BITS OF MEANING

-w ~ -u ~ -∅ default verbal suffix if no other tense or aspectual suffix is present;
nominalizing suffix (can be used to make nouns from verbs)

-ya- defocus suffix (removes any need to mention WHO did the verb;
commonly combines with -w ~ -u ~ -∅ to make nouns from verbs)

ʔka ~ ka makes a question

ʔwa ~ wa focuses on something (roughly 'is')

ʔʰoʔ 'not; doesn't; don't'

ba:ko 'what'